

## Practice

1. To solve each linear system by elimination, what would you multiply equation ① by?

a)  $x + 2y = 2$             ①  
 $4x - 6y = 8$             ②

b)  $2x + y = 6$             ①  
 $3x - 5y = 9$             ②

So, multiply equation ① by \_\_\_\_\_.

So, multiply equation ① by \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Solve this linear system using elimination.

$5x - 7y = 24$             ①  
 $3x + 7y = -8$             ②

The coefficients of  $y$  in both equations are opposite integers.

So, add the equations to eliminate  $y$ .

$5x - 7y = 24$             ①  
 $+(3x + 7y = -8)$         ②

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To find the value of  $y$  when  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_, substitute in equation ②.

$3x + 7y = -8$         ②

$y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

The solution is:  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ and  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Verify the solution. In each equation, substitute:  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ and  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$5x - 7y = 24$

$3x + 7y = -8$

So, the solution of the linear system is  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ and  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Solve this linear system using elimination.

$-3x + 2y = 2$             ①  
 $2x - 5y = -16$         ②

No coefficients of like terms are opposite integers.

Look at the  $y$ -terms:  $2y$  and  $-5y$

\_\_\_\_\_  $\times$  equation ①: \_\_\_\_\_  $(-3x + 2y = 2)$   $\longrightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_ ③

\_\_\_\_\_  $\times$  equation ②: \_\_\_\_\_  $(2x - 5y = -16)$   $\longrightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_ ④

Add equations ③ and ④ to eliminate  $y$ .

*Sometimes, we have to multiply both equations by numbers to get opposite coefficients.*

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To find the value of  $y$  when  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ , substitute in equation ①.

$$-3x + 2y = 2 \quad \text{①}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

The solution is:  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  and  $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Verify the solution.

$$-3x + 2y = 2$$

$$2x - 5y = -16$$

**4. a)** Create a linear system to model this situation:

A dog groomer charges \$50 to groom a small dog and \$75 to groom a large dog. One Saturday, the groomer groomed 9 dogs for a total income of \$500.

Let the number of small dogs groomed be  $s$ .

Let the number of large dogs groomed be  $L$ .

	Cost per grooming (\$)	Number groomed	Total income (\$)
Small dog			
Large dog			
Total			

A linear system that models the situation is:

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{①}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{②}$$

**b)** Solve this problem: How many small dogs and how many large dogs were groomed?

The solution is:  $s = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  and  $L = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Use the data in the problem to verify these numbers.

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  small dogs and  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  large dogs were groomed.