





Practice

1. Expand, then simplify.

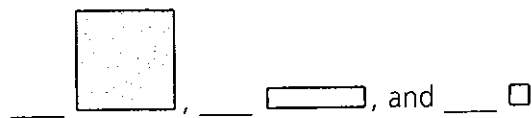
a) $(3x + 5)(x + 1)$

Use algebra tiles to make a rectangle.

Use  and  for the length.

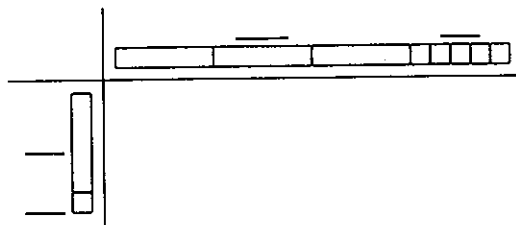
Use  and  for the width.

To make the rectangle, use these tiles:



So, $(3x + 5)(x + 1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Sketch the tiles. Label the length and width.

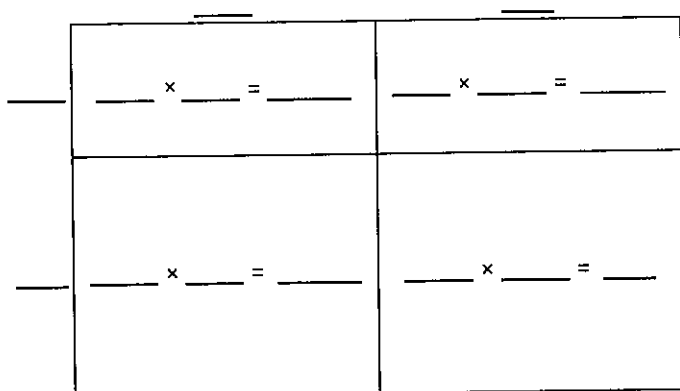


b) $(4w - 3)(5w - 9)$

Use a rectangle diagram.

Sketch a rectangle with length and width .

Divide the rectangle into smaller rectangles.



Add the products in the smaller rectangles.

$$(4w - 3)(5w - 9) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. Expand, then simplify.

a) $(-2v + 6)(5v - 3) = (-2v)(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 6(\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
 $= (-2v)(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + (-2v)(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 6(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 6(\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
 $= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b) $(7c - 8)(-4c + 1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$